# **Template for blog entry on 3D +Robotics MUM8TA004**

Please use this structure to write a blog entry. I will manage the transfer to the Web, so you can attach the pictures directly into this template.

# Introduction

Our group members are Jonas Lemström and Aku Liski. Aku has some experience with blender and 3d printing, and both of us like gaming. Jonas has some experience with game development with Unity. Our prototype is auto-battler that uses Esp32 as platform, Waveshare 7.5 inch E-Paper as screen, few leds and a NFC reader. The game’s code includes functionality of the game and visual ques how the game proceeds.

# Ideas

We had couple of ideas but quite quickly we fixed on kind of tabletop game, little like xx, that would have some electronics and 3d printing, and we could code and get the features we’d want. After handling Arduino and Esp32 during class we brainstormed a bit and thought about how to create a game that would work with Esp32 or Rasberry Pi and decided to go with Esp32. The idea of a game was something that could be easily accessible and could be played with something that anyone has. That’s when we came up with using NFC cards as player toons taking inspiration from things like Nintendo’s Amiibo.

# What did you need to learn

Describe the initial scope of the project and list the learning objectives.

First we learned some innovation methods to flesh out ideas and collect them. From the ideas we landed on the one we liked and continued to

We’d need to think first what parts we need and then we could start to learn them. We started going from piece to piece. So first we ended up with ESP32 because it is a little bit simpler than Rasbery pi, and no need to learn a new OS just for this project.

We needed to learn about esp32 and all of its components and their code. One of the biggest things we learned about Esp32 was it’s limitations. Using E-Paper with NFC reader and having game’s code itself in the Esp32 made it run quite slowly. What was surprising was that how slow E-Paper was updating it’s screen with new imported images. When trying E-Paper solely the refresh rate was about 5-6 seconds with simple functions, but when integrating E-Paper’s code into the full code the refresh rate became 15-20 seconds. To make the game more functional we would have to import whole project to Rasberry Pi or make radical changes to our code for esp32 and use more networking.

We also learned a lot about innovating and problem solving like how to make NFC’s nametag work as generated character. First, we had to translate hexadecimal names of the NFCs into numbers and translate them into statistics of a player toon.

# The building phases

Tell us about the actual building of the device and you're learning by doing

Add any pictures you deem worthy

First we tried to flesh out our idea. We also identified what components we could need (esp32, rfid reader/writer, nfc tags, display, leds and buttons)

Starting the project we got the NFC reader to work and after that

Kuva, joka sisältää kohteen teksti, kuvakaappaus, numero, ohjelmisto

Kuvaus luotu automaattisesti

(First values read with NFC reader)

Kuva, joka sisältää kohteen elektroniikka, kaapeli, tietokone, Johdotus

Kuvaus luotu automaattisesti

(First printing to the e-paper)

Kuva, joka sisältää kohteen teksti, kuvakaappaus, ohjelmisto, tietokone

Kuvaus luotu automaattisesti

(with Wokwi.com we could try the code even at home without hardware)

Kuva, joka sisältää kohteen elektroniikka, kaapeli, Johdotus, Sähkötekniikka

Kuvaus luotu automaattisesti

(Kaikki kytkettynä)



(Lopullinen tuote pahvilaatikossa)

Link to video demonstration:

https://youtu.be/i6x5shhyuhI

Link to the source code:

https://github.com/Akkel-i/Data\_Duelists/tree/main/Data\_Duelist\_Game

# The outcome

What did you learn?

Did this course make you more interested in tinkering, or was this a one-off thing for you?

What further ideas did you get for making in the future?

We learned a lot about creating our own prototype from scratch using creative ways to making a working game. The course also thought us about using C and C++ through Arduino IDE and create things that don’t have ready tutorials online.

We still have bunch of ideas how to make Data Duelist even better. Importing the game to Rasberry Pi or using networks to transfer game to internet rather than using E-Paper. If we had unlimited time to work on this project there could be possibilities to even create an app for phone.